

Dominion Terminal Associates
Dan Wagoner
Superintendent Engineering/Maintenance

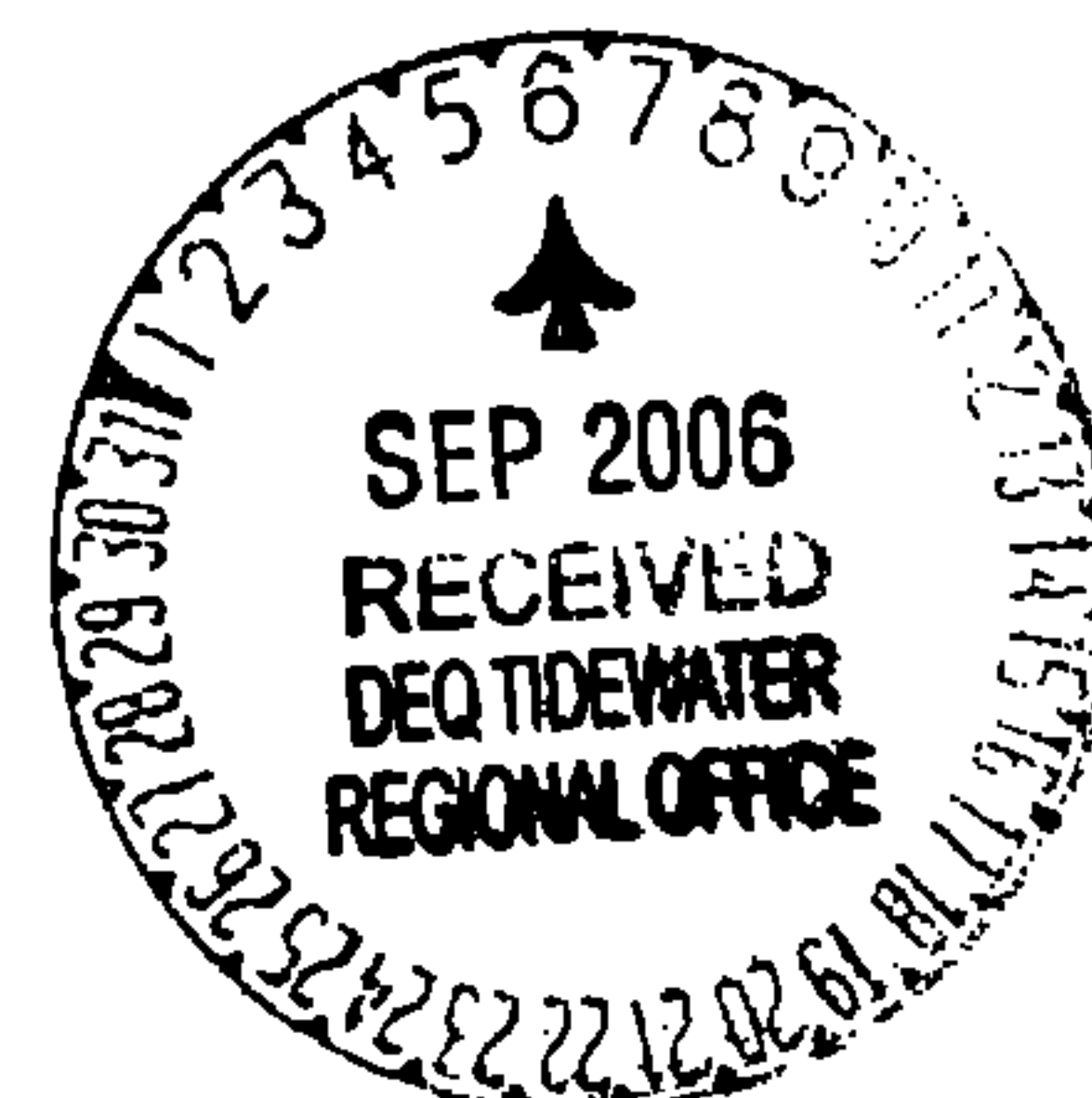
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September 1, 2006

Virginia Department of Environmental Quality
5636 Southern Boulevard
Virginia Beach, VA 23462

Attention: Ms Kelly Ryan



Dear Ms Ryan:

As indicated in my email, our president, Charles E. Brinley is on vacation and unable to sign the Draft Permit Approval Form. I have signed it on his behalf, and am providing it herein. If this is not acceptable, please let me know and I'll have him sign one upon his return and deliver it to you. If I don't hear otherwise I'll assume this is adequate. I am also including a marked-up copy of the draft for your further review.

Thank you,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "DWagoner", written over a horizontal line.

Dan Wagoner
Superintendent
Engineering/Maintenance

DRAFT PERMIT APPROVAL FORM

Department of Environmental Quality
Tidewater Regional Office
5636 Southern Blvd.
Virginia Beach, Virginia 23462



Instructions:

The "Draft Permit Approval Form" provides the owner or certified company official an opportunity to accept or suggest appropriate changes to a draft permit. If a signed form is not received within one (1) week of the date of receipt of the draft permit, DEQ will assume that the draft permit is considered acceptable and will proceed with processing the permit. **Please check the applicable statement(s) below after thoroughly reviewing the draft permit. Forms may be returned by facsimile to 757-518-2009, Attention: Ms. Kelly M. Ryan or Ms. Jane A. Workman.**

- ☐ The owner or certified company official agrees with the conditions of the draft permit dated _____ . Please proceed to issue the permit with no change.
- ☐ The owner or certified company official finds condition number(s) _____ of the draft permit dated _____ unacceptable.
- ☒ The suggested changes are attached for your consideration.
- ☐ The owner or certified company official requests further discussion with DEQ regarding the above referenced condition(s).

Signature: _____

D.R. Wagoner
Daniel R. Wagoner for Charles E. Brinley

Name: _____

Superintendent Engineering/Maintenance

Title: _____

Dominion Terminal Associates

Facility: _____

August 31, 2006

Date: _____

STATIONARY SOURCE PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT AND OPERATE

This permit supersedes your permit dated September 13, 2004.

In compliance with the Federal Clean Air Act and the Commonwealth of Virginia Regulations for the Control and Abatement of Air Pollution,

Dominion Terminal Associates
PO Box 967-A
Newport News, VA 23607
Registration No.: 60997

is authorized to construct and operate

a coal, petroleum coke and limestone receiving, storage and shipping facility

located at

Pier 11, Harbor Road
Newport News, Virginia

in accordance with the Conditions of this permit.

Approved on DRAFT.

Maria R. Nold, Deputy Regional Director

Permit consists of 10 pages.
Permit Conditions 1 to 39.

INTRODUCTION

1. This permit approval is based on the permit application dated August 17, 1981, October 15, 2002 and May 8, 2004 including amendment information dated August 25, 1981, October 19, 1989, April 22, 1992, December 11, 2002, July 13, 2004 and April 3, 2006. Any changes in the permit application specifications or any existing facilities which alter the impact of the facility on air quality may require a permit. Failure to obtain such a permit prior to construction may result in enforcement action.

Words or terms used in this permit shall have meanings as provided in 9 VAC 5-10-10 of the State Air Pollution Control Board Regulations for the Control and Abatement of Air Pollution. The regulatory reference or authority for each condition is listed in parentheses () after each condition.

Annual requirements to fulfill legal obligations to maintain current stationary source emissions data will necessitate a prompt response by the permittee to requests by the DEQ or the Board for information to include, as appropriate: process and production data; changes in control equipment; and operating schedules. Such requests for information from the DEQ will either be in writing or by personal contact.

The availability of information submitted to the DEQ or the Board will be governed by applicable provisions of the Freedom of Information Act, § 2.2-3700 through 2.2-3714 of the Code of Virginia, § 10.1-1314 (addressing information provided to the Board) of the Code of Virginia, and 9 VAC 5-170-60 of the State Air Pollution Control Board Regulations. Information provided to federal officials is subject to appropriate federal law and regulations governing confidentiality of such information.

PROCESS REQUIREMENTS

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2. **Equipment List** - Equipment at this facility consists of the following:

Equipment to be constructed:			
Reference No.	Equipment Description	Rated Capacity	Air Pollution Control(s)
UL-1	Marine vessel grab unloader	2000 tons/hr	Enclosed grab
UL-2	Marine vessel grab unloader	2000 tons/hr	Enclosed grab
BH-1	Ship unload hopper	3400 tons/hr	Fabric filter (DC-2)
BH-2	Ship unload hopper	3400 tons/hr	Fabric filter (DC-3)
BC-14	Ship unload conveyor	6800 tons/hr	Fully enclosed
BC-15	Ship unload conveyor	6800 tons/hr	Fully enclosed
Equipment permitted prior to the date of this permit:			
RD-1	Tandem rotary rail car dumper	5800 tons/hr	Enclosed bldg. with water spray
BS-1	Surge silo	1000 tons	Fabric filter (DC-1)
BS-2	Surge silo	3800 tons	Fabric filter (DC-5)
BS-3	Surge silo	4100 tons	Fabric filter (DC-6)
BC-1 through BC-13	Various coal handling and storage conveyors	Largest belt 6800 tons/hr	All fully enclosed (except 4, 7 and 13 - yard belts)
S/R-1 & S/R-2	Two (2) rotary stacker/reclaimers	5900 tons/hr stacking, 6500 tons/hr reclaim	Wet suppression
S/R-3	Rotary reclaimer	6800 tons/hr reclaim only	Wet suppression
OS-1 through OS-4	Coal, coke and limestone storage piles	Up to 350,00 tons	Wet suppression system (computerized)
SL-1	Ship/barge loader	6800 tons/hr	Wet suppression, telescoping loading chutes

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Specifications included in the permit under this Condition are for informational purposes only and do not form enforceable terms or conditions of the permit.
(9 VAC 80-1180 D 3)

3. **Emission Controls** - Particulate emissions from each marine vessel grab unloader (UL-1 and UL-2) shall be controlled by using closed grab buckets. The grab buckets shall be completely closed during movement of material from marine vessels to receiving hoppers.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)
4. **Emission Controls** - Particulate emissions from each marine vessel unloading hopper (BH-1 and BH-2) shall be controlled by a fabric filter (DC-2 and DC-3). The fabric filters shall be provided with adequate access for inspection.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)
5. **Emission Controls** - Particulate emissions from the enclosed rotary rail car dumper building (RD-1) shall be controlled by wet suppression, which, if necessary, shall include the use of a surfactant. The surfactant to water ratio shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The minimum amount of water applied shall be 130 gallons per tandem dump. Compliance shall be achieved if there are no visible emissions.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)
6. **Emission Controls** - Particulate emissions from the transfer points and stacker/reclaimers (S/R-1, 2 and 3) shall be controlled by wet suppression as necessary and by wet suppression with surfactant as necessary. Continuous wetting is not mandatory.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)
7. **Emission Controls** - Particulate emissions from the conveyor system shall be controlled by conveyor hoods and wind guards. Ground level reclaim conveyor belts shall be controlled by wet suppression as necessary.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)
8. **Fugitive Dust Emission Controls** - Fugitive dust emissions from the storage piles shall be controlled by a wet suppression system capable of wetting the entire storage area. Wet suppression cycles shall be implemented in accordance with Appendix A. Each cycle shall consist of no less than 35,500 gallons of water and, with assistance from other equipment, attain 100 percent coverage of the storage area. The wet suppression system shall be provided with adequate access for inspection.
(9 VAC 5-50-90, 9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)
9. **Fugitive Dust Emission Controls** - All storage piles shall be truncated, stacker/reclaimers used to build flat top piles, and the top compacted to minimize fugitive emissions.
(9 VAC 5-50-90, 9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)
10. **Emission Controls** - Wet suppression shall be applied as necessary to all incoming loaded railcars located within facility boundaries if they are not to be dumped within 24 hours.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

Comment: "Enclosed" gives the impression that the grabs are in a separate enclosure.

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Comment: To match item #17

Comment: 100% coverage is not always possible by rainbird sprays alone with wind and other factors.

Comment: Could we just say "Peaks on piles shall be avoided to minimize fugitive emissions."?

11. **Emission Controls** – Work areas shall be monitored and wet suppression applied as necessary to control emissions while operating a piece of auxiliary handling equipment (e.g., front end loader, bulldozer, etc.).
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)
12. **Emission Controls** – Wet suppression shall be utilized when operating a particular piece of handling equipment (e.g., a dumper, a conveyor, etc.), unless the use of such controls would cause a safety hazard or damage to the equipment from freezing.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)
13. **Emission Controls** – Particulate emissions from each surge silo (BS-1, BS-2 and BS-3) shall be controlled by a fabric filter (DC-1, DC-5 and DC-6). The fabric filters shall be provided with adequate access for inspection.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)
14. **Monitoring – Marine Vessel Unloading Hoppers** – Once per ship, within the initial 2 hours after unloading begins, the permittee shall observe the baghouse fan motor amperage for the marine vessel unloading hoppers (BH-1 and BH-2). An acceptable range shall be established that reflects good air pollution control practice. An observation outside the acceptable range shall indicate the need for corrective action. The permittee shall maintain a log of the date, time, location, name of person performing the observation, the motor amperage reading, whether or not visible emissions were detected, and any corrective actions taken, if necessary. These records shall be available for inspection by the DEQ and shall be current for the most recent five years.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-20)
15. **Monitoring – Fabric Filters** – Once per day, when in operation, the exhaust from each surge silo fabric filter (DC-1, DC-5 and DC-6) shall be observed by the permittee for a period of no less than one minute for the presence of visible emissions. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall perform corrective actions to eliminate the cause of the visible emissions. The permittee shall maintain a log of the date, time, location, name of person performing the observation, whether or not visible emissions were detected, and any corrective actions taken, if necessary. These records shall be available for inspection by the DEQ and shall be current for the most recent five years.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 D, 9 VAC 5-50-20 C and 9 VAC 5-50-260)
16. **Monitoring – Fabric Filters** – Once per day, when in operation, the exhaust from each marine vessel unloading hopper fabric filter (DC-2 and DC-3) shall be observed by the permittee for a period of no less than one minute for the presence of visible emissions. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall perform corrective actions to eliminate the cause of the visible emissions. The permittee shall maintain a log of the date, time, location, name of person performing the observation, whether or not visible emissions were detected, and any corrective actions taken, if necessary. These records shall be available for inspection by the DEQ and shall be current for the most recent five years.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 D, 9 VAC 5-50-20 C and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

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Comment: Attempting to make the frequency wording consistent between paragraphs 15, 16 and 17.

Deleted: Once per day, when operating

17. **Monitoring – Process Equipment** – ~~Once per day, when in operation,~~ particulate emissions from the marine vessel grab unloaders (UL-1 and UL-2), the enclosed rotary rail car dumper building (RD-1) and the conveyor systems shall be observed by the permittee for a period of no less than one minute for the presence of visible emissions. If visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall perform corrective actions to eliminate the cause of the visible emissions, if necessary. The permittee shall maintain a log of the date, time, location, name of person performing the observation, whether or not visible emissions were detected, and any corrective actions taken, if necessary. These records shall be available for inspection by the DEQ and shall be current for the most recent five years.

(9 VAC 5-80-1180 D, 9 VAC 5-50-20 C and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

18. **Wet Suppression System** – The wet suppression system for the storage piles shall be implemented as specified in Appendix A or by any other procedure as may be approved by the DEQ prior to use. Such approval shall be contingent on adequate documentation that any alternative procedure shall achieve at least as high an efficiency as Appendix A. This applies to all other dust control measures required by this permit. Request for changes in procedures shall be accompanied by an explanation of the proposed changes and the anticipated effect they shall have. These requests, if approved by the DEQ, shall be subject to a test and evaluation procedure prior to being accepted as permanent changes to the control procedures.

(9 VAC 5-50-260)

OPERATING LIMITATIONS

19. **Storage** – On a daily annual average basis, the maximum quantity of coal, petroleum coke and limestone (combined) in storage shall not exceed 1,100,000 tons, and at no time shall more than 1,400,000 tons of coal, petroleum coke and limestone (combined) be stored at the facility.

(9 VAC 5-80-1180)

20. **Throughput** - The throughput of coal/petroleum coke/limestone (combined), via rail and ship, shall not exceed 24,000,000 tons per year, calculated monthly as the sum of each consecutive 12-month period. No more than 10,000,000 tons per year of coal/petroleum coke/limestone (combined) shall be imported via ship. Compliance for the consecutive 12-month period shall be demonstrated monthly by adding the total for the most recently completed calendar month to the individual monthly totals for the preceding 11 months.

(9 VAC 5-80-1180)

EMISSION LIMITS

21. **Emission Limits** – Particulate emissions from the operation of the coal/petroleum coke/limestone receiving, storage and shipping facility shall not exceed the limits specified below:

Particulate Matter (PM) 54.0 tons/yr

PM-10 9.7 tons/yr

These emissions are derived from the estimated overall emission contribution from operating limits. Exceedance of the operating limits may be considered credible evidence of the exceedance of emission limits. Compliance with these emission limits may be determined as stated in Condition numbers 3-20.

(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

22. **Visible Emission Limit** – There shall be no detectable visible emissions from the enclosed rotary rail car dumper building (RD-1). Failure to meet this limitation due to the presence of water vapor shall not be a violation.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)
23. **Visible Emission Limit** – There shall be no detectable visible emissions from any fabric filter exhaust stack (DC-1 – DC-6).
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)
24. **Visible Emission Limit** - There shall be no detectable visible emissions from the conveyor belt transfer points. Failure to meet this limitation due to the presence of water vapor shall not be a violation.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)
25. **Monitoring PM₁₀** – Dominion Terminal Associates shall install and operate a PM10 monitor at the Newport News Housing Authority Maintenance Building (180-J) to ascertain the ambient air quality in the area surrounding the coal/petroleum coke/limestone terminal. Operation shall be in accordance with Appendix J of 40 CFR Part 50.
(9 VAC 5-160-170)
26. **Control of Emissions** – The following actions are considered detrimental to the control of coal/petroleum coke/limestone emissions:
 - a. Failure to stop any coal/petroleum coke/limestone movement operation when it becomes known that installed air pollution control systems are inoperative and would cause excess emissions.
 - b. Failure to stop a coal/petroleum coke/limestone movement operation when it becomes known that the coal/petroleum coke/limestone handling equipment needed for that operation is malfunctioning or operating significantly below designated specifications.
 - c. Failure of equipment operators to take immediate precautions to preclude fugitive dust emissions from the operation of bulldozers, front-end loaders, automobiles, or trucks (e.g., the use of water suppressant or limiting the speed of movement to below 10 miles per hour.)
 - d. Failure of operational personnel to give precedence to designated personnel with the responsibility for controlling dust emissions.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)



RECORDS

27. **On Site Records** - The permittee shall maintain records of emission data and operating parameters as necessary to demonstrate compliance with this permit. The content and format of such records shall be arranged with the Director, Tidewater Regional Office. These records shall include, but are not limited to:
 - a. Annual throughput of coal/petroleum coke/limestone (combined), via rail and ship, calculated monthly as the sum of each consecutive 12-month period. Compliance for the consecutive 12-month period shall be demonstrated monthly by adding the total for the most recently completed calendar month to the individual monthly totals for the preceding 11 months.

- b. Annual throughput of imported coal/petroleum coke/limestone (combined), via ship, calculated monthly as the sum of each consecutive 12-month period. Compliance for the consecutive 12-month period shall be demonstrated monthly by adding the total for the most recently completed calendar month to the individual monthly totals for the preceding 11 months.
- c. Records of visible emission observations for fabric filters (DC-1, DC-5 and DC-6) as required in Condition 15.
- d. Records of visible emission observations for fabric filters (DC-2 and DC-3) as required in Condition 16.
- e. Records of visible emission observations for the process equipment as required in Condition 17.
- f. Records of baghouse fan motor amperage measurement observations for the marine vessel unloading hoppers (BH-1 and BH-2) as required in Condition 14.
- g. Records of PM10 monitoring operations as required by Appendix J of 40 CFR Part 50.
- h. Maximum daily quantity of coal/petroleum coke/limestone (combined) in storage.
- i. Annual daily average of coal/petroleum coke/limestone (combined) in storage.
- j. Records of dust control measures as required by Appendix A.

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These records shall be available for inspection by the DEQ and shall be current for the most recent five years.

(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-50)

INITIAL COMPLIANCE DETERMINATION

28. **Visible Emissions Evaluation** – Initial performance test of Visible Emission Evaluations (VEE) in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9, shall be conducted by the permittee on the marine vessel unloading operations. Each test shall consist of 30 sets of 24 consecutive observations (at 15 second intervals) to yield a six minute average. The details of the tests, including specific emission points, are to be arranged with the TRO Air Compliance Manager. The evaluation shall be performed to demonstrate compliance within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate but in no event later than 180 days after start-up of the permitted facility. One copy of the test results shall be submitted to the TRO Air Compliance Manager within 45 days after test completion and shall conform to the test report format enclosed with this permit.

(9 VAC 5-50-30, 9 VAC 5-80-1200 and 9 VAC 5-50-410)

changed to be consistent w/ other similar facility.

NOTIFICATIONS

29. **Initial Notifications** - The permittee shall furnish written notification to the Tidewater Regional Office of:

- a. The actual date on which construction of the marine unloading facilities commenced within 30 days after such date.
- b. The anticipated start-up date of the marine unloading facilities postmarked not more than 60 days nor less than 30 days prior to such date.
- c. The actual start-up date of the marine unloading facilities within 15 days after such date.
- d. The anticipated date of the VEE performance tests of the marine unloading facilities postmarked at least 30 days prior to such date.

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Copies of the written notification referenced in items a through d above are to be sent to:

Associate Director
Office of Air Enforcement (3AP10)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region III
1650 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029]
(9 VAC 5-50-50 and 9 VAC 5-80-1180)

GENERAL CONDITIONS

30. **Permit Invalidity** – The portions of this permit regarding construction of the marine unloading facilities shall become invalid, unless an extension is granted by the DEQ, if:

- a. A program of continuous construction is not commenced within the latest of the following:
 - i. 18 months from the date of this permit,
 - ii. Nine months from the date that the last permit or other authorization was issued from any other governmental entity;
 - iii. Nine months from the date of the last resolution of any litigation concerning any such permits or authorization; or
- b. A program of construction is discontinued for a period of 18 months or more, or is not completed within a reasonable time, except for a DEQ approved period between phases of a phased construction project.
(9 VAC 5-80-1210)

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31. **Permit Suspension/Revocation** - This permit may be suspended or revoked if the permittee:

- a. Knowingly makes material misstatements in the permit application or any amendments to it;
- b. Fails to comply with the conditions of this permit;
- c. Fails to comply with any emission standards applicable to a permitted emissions unit;
- d. Causes emissions from the stationary source which result in violations of , or interfere with the attainment and maintenance of, any ambient air quality standard; or
- e. Fails to operate in conformance with any applicable control strategy, including any emission standards or emission limitations, in the State Implementation Plan in effect at the time an application for this permit is submitted.
(9 VAC 5-80-1210 F)

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32. **Right of Entry** - The permittee shall allow authorized local, state, and federal representatives, upon the presentation of credentials:

- a. To enter upon the permittee's premises on which the facility is located or in which any records are required to be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit;
- b. To have access to and copy at reasonable times any records required to be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit or the State Air Pollution Control Board Regulations;

- c. To inspect at reasonable times any facility, equipment, or process subject to the terms and conditions of this permit or the State Air Pollution Control Board Regulations; and
- d. To sample or test at reasonable times.

For purposes of this condition, the time for inspection shall be deemed reasonable during regular business hours or whenever the facility is in operation. Nothing contained herein shall make an inspection time unreasonable during an emergency.

(9 VAC 5-170-130 and 9 VAC 5-80-1180)

33. **Maintenance/Operating Procedures** – At all times, including periods of start-up, shutdown, and malfunction, the permittee shall, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate the affected source, including associated air pollution control equipment, in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions.

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During each shift, one designated person shall be responsible for compliance with the procedures of Appendix A. Actions required in support of these procedures shall take precedence over routine coal, petroleum coke and limestone handling procedures. The permittee shall take the following measures in order to minimize the duration and frequency of excess emissions, with respect to air pollution control equipment, monitoring devices and process equipment which affect such emissions:

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- a. Develop a maintenance schedule and maintain records of all scheduled and non-scheduled maintenance.
- b. Maintain an inventory of spare parts.
- c. Have available written operating procedures for equipment. These procedures shall be based on the manufacturer's recommendations, at a minimum.
- d. Train operators in the proper operation of all such equipment and familiarize the operators with the written operating procedures, prior to their first operation of such equipment. The permittee shall maintain records of the training provided including the names of trainees, the date of training and the nature of the training.

Records of maintenance and training shall be maintained on site for a period of five years and shall be made available to DEQ personnel upon request.

(9 VAC 5-50-20 E and 9 VAC 5-80-1180 D)

34. **Record of Malfunctions** – The permittee shall maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any bypass, malfunction, shutdown or failure of the facility or its associated air pollution control equipment that results in excess emissions for more than one hour. Records shall include the date, time, duration, description (emission unit, pollutant affected, cause), corrective action, preventive measures taken and name of person generating the record.

(9VAC 5-20-180 J and 9 VAC 5-80-1180 D)

35. **Notification for Facility or Control Equipment Malfunction** - The permittee shall furnish notification to the Director, Tidewater Regional Office of malfunctions of the affected facility or related air pollution control equipment that may cause excess emissions for more than one hour, by facsimile transmission, telephone, telegraph or other electronic communication. Such notification shall be made as soon as practicable but no later than four daytime business hours after the malfunction is discovered. The permittee shall provide a written statement giving all pertinent facts, including the estimated duration of the breakdown, within two weeks of discovery of the malfunction. When the condition causing the failure or malfunction has been corrected and the equipment is again in operation, the permittee shall notify the Director, Tidewater Regional Office. ✓
(9 VAC 5-20-180 C and 9 VAC 5-80-1180)
36. **Violation of Ambient Air Quality Standard** - The permittee shall, upon request of the DEQ, reduce the level of operation or shut down a facility, as necessary to avoid violating any primary ambient air quality standard and shall not return to normal operation until such time as the ambient air quality standard will not be violated.
(9 VAC 5-20-180 I and 9 VAC 5-80-1180)
37. **Change of Ownership** - In the case of a transfer of ownership of a stationary source, the new owner shall abide by any current permit issued to the previous owner. The new owner shall notify the Director, Tidewater Regional Office of the change of ownership within 30 days of the transfer.
(9 VAC 5-80-1240)
38. **Registration/Update** - Annual requirements to fulfill legal obligations to maintain current stationary source emissions data will necessitate a prompt response by the permittee to request by the DEQ or the Board for information to include, as appropriate: process and production data; changes in control equipment; and operating schedules. Such requests for information from the DEQ will either be in writing or by personal contact. The availability of information submitted to the DEQ or the Board will be governed by applicable provisions of the Freedom of Information Act, § 2.1-340 through 2.1-348 of the Code of Virginia, § 10.1-1314 (addressing information provided to the Board) of the Code of Virginia, and 9 VAC 5-170-60 of the State Air Pollution Control Board Regulations. Information provided to federal officials is subject to appropriate federal law and regulations governing confidentiality of such information.
(9 VAC 5-170-60 and 9 VAC 5-20-160)
39. **Permit Copy** - The permittee shall keep a copy of this permit on the premises of the facility to which it applies.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180)

APPENDIX A

This appendix is to be considered a part of the Department of Environmental Quality permit to operate the Dominion Terminal Associates (Dominion) coal/petroleum coke/limestone terminal. All procedures outlined in this appendix are enforceable as a condition of operating.

Dominion shall record the following parameters on an hourly basis:

Average hourly temperature (T) in degrees Fahrenheit

Average hourly relative humidity (RH)

Average hourly wind speed in miles per hour (WS)

Average hourly wind direction (DIR)

Hourly rain in inches

Hourly occurrence of fog (visibility of 4 miles or less)

Density of air ρ (lb/ft³) from the equation $\rho = -0.0001478(T) + 0.0853$

Viscosity of air (1.68 μ lb/ft-hr) from the following equations

$-24.88 < T \leq 32$	$1.68\mu = 0.0001207(T) + 0.0655479$
$32.00 < T \leq 64.40$	$1.68\mu = 0.0001493(T) + 0.0646353$
$64.40 < T \leq 104$	$1.68\mu = 0.0001344(T) + 0.0655899$

K as determined by the equation: $K = WS(T/RH) (\rho/\mu 1.68)$

Dominion shall use the data listed above for a computerized spreadsheet in a format as described below, maintaining the records to be submitted to the Board upon request.

The program outlined in Appendix A when properly programmed will provide for an hourly visual display (graph) which depicts the following:

- CE_{unc} for the KT predicted: will change by the new hourly prediction of KT. At the end of the day will represent the potential uncontrolled coal and petroleum coke emissions experienced in the past 24 hours.
- Slope of the uncontrolled intended movement with time for the PASS-1 system without controls: will change by the new hourly prediction of KT.

- c. PASS-1 line, with hourly markings in proportion depicting the controlled to the hourly K_c emission level attained when controls are applied. This line's slope and value will vary as suppression cycles are applied. The extension of this line depicts the near low end of the day value in $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$, if no further cycles are applied and is the primary control medium. It generates from the uncontrolled slope line (b.).
- d. PASS-0 line, depicting the controlled emissions level attained when controls are applied. This line's slope as in (c) will vary as suppression cycles are applied. The extension of this line depicts the near high end of the day value in $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$, if no further cycles are applied. When, due to cycles, the PASS-0 line and the PASS-1 line are one and the same, their extension will be the end of the day value attained for coal and petroleum coke emissions in $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$. It generates from the uncontrolled CE_{unc} line (a.).
- e. PASS-0 (180) line, with hourly markings in proportions to the hourly K_c, depicting the controlled emission level when the wind direction is between 180° and 270°T. This line is activated by wind direction inputs and holds the last highest value during periods when the wind is out of quadrant. Its extension represents the near end of day value in $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ at station 180-J if no further cycles are applied. This line also generates from the uncontrolled CE_{unc} line (a.).

COLUMN 1

TM Records the hourly values for a 24 hour day, beginning with a 1 at 0100 hours and ending with a 24 at 2400 hours.

COLUMN 2

K Computes and records the hourly value of K as follows:

$$K = ((WS * TEMP) / RH) * (\rho / 1.68\mu)$$

COLUMN 3

KD Computes and records the K factor adjusted for rain and freeze effects. KD is used to define the need for a cycle (C_i) administered by the computer controlled water suppression system. KD is computed as follows:

$$KD = K * F_f$$

COLUMN 7

COLUMN 8

HRS Records the number of hours following a rainfall. HRS increases by one each hour after the rain ends, and continues to do so until another rain begins or until the effects of the rain are over ($F_r \geq 0.9$ or $HRS = 48$)

Note: If a DEMAND IV cycle is administered in order to recover from a freeze, HRS is initially set to 0.5 instead of 1.

$HRS = 0$ when $C_i = 3$ and $FIR_{n-1} = 0$ or $F_{fm-1} < 1$

$HRS = 0$ when $IR > 0$ and $SUMIR > 0.0225$

$HRS = 0.5$ when $C_i = 3$; $FIR_{n-1} > 0$; and $F_{fm-1} \geq 1$

$HRS = HRS_{n-1} + 1$ when $IR > 0$ and $SUMIR \leq 0.0225$

or when $IR = 0$; $SUMIR > 0.0225$

Note: If $TM = 24$ and $HRS < 48$ and $F_r < 0.9$ then HRS and SUMIR are carried forward to the next day. If $HRS = 48$ or $F_r \geq 0.9$ the post rain effect has reached its limits. On the next hour, $F_r = 1$, $HRS = 0$, and $SUMIR = 0$.

COLUMN 9

SUMIR Computes and records the effective sum of the hourly rainfall as follows:

$SUMIR = 0$ when $CIR = 0$ and $SUMIR_{n-1} < 0.0225$

$SUMIR = SUMIR_{n-1}$ when $CIR = 0$ and $SUMIR_{n-1} \geq 0.0225$

$SUMIR = CIR$ when $CIR > 0$; $(IR + IR_{n-1}) < 0.0225$; and $F_{fm-1} = 1$

$SUMIR = CIR$ when $CIR > 0$; $(IR + IR_{n-1}) < 0.0225$ $F_{fm-1} < 1$;
 $CIR_{n-1} > 0$; and $C_i = 3$

$SUMIR = IR + SUMIR_{n-1}$ when $CIR > 0$; $(IR + IR_{n-1}) < 0.0225$;
 $F_{fm-1} < 1$; $CIR_{n-1} > 0$; and $C_i < 3$

$SUMIR = IR_{adj_{n-1}} + CIR$ when $CIR > 0$; $(IR + IR_{n-1}) < 0.0225$ $F_{fm-1} < 1$;
 $CIR_{n-1} = 0$;

$SUMIR = IR_{adj_{n-1}} + CIR$ when $CIR > 0$; and $(IR + IR_{n-1}) \geq 0.0225$

Note: If $F_r = 1$ or $HRS = 48$ then SUMIR is set to zero the next hour.

COLUMN 10

F_r Computes and records the post rain recovery factor. F_r ranges from zero to one, with F_r set to zero during a rain. When $F_r \geq 0.9$, the effects of the rain are considered over, and F_r is set to one on the next hour. F_r is computed as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} F_r &= 0 && \text{when CIR} < 0.0225 \text{ and SUMIR} \geq 0.0225 \\ F_r &= 1 && \text{when CIR} < 0.0225 \text{ and SUMIR} < 0.0225 \\ F_r &= 10^{(-215.66 * 24 * \text{SUMIR} / (\text{HRS} * \text{KT}))} && \text{when CIR} < 0.0225 \text{ and SUMIR} < 0.0225 \end{aligned}$$

COLUMN 11

F_{ff} Computes and records the combined effects of rain and freeze, where $F_{ff} = F_r * F_f$.

F_f (the post freeze effect) is calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} F_f &= ((\text{SUMKF} * \text{FHRS}) / (\text{FIR} * 106)) * 4.02917 + 0.305 && \text{when FIR} > 0 \text{ and SUMKF} > 0 \\ F_f &= 1 && \text{when FIR} = 0 \text{ or SUMKF} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

SUMKF (the sum of the freeze shear) is calculated by summing the K values beginning when the temperature reaches 29°F until $F_r \leq 0.1$ or until continuous cycles are administered.

FIR (the potential freeze water) is calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{FIR} &= \text{SUMKF} / 19200 && \text{when FIR}_{n-1} = 0; \text{SUMIR} = 0; \text{FHRS} = 8; \text{ and SUMKF} > 0 \\ \text{FIR} &= \text{FIR}_{n-1} && \text{when FIR}_{n-1} = 0; \text{SUMIR} = 0; \text{FHRS} \neq 8 \text{ and SUMKF} > 0 \\ &&& \text{or when FIR}_{n-1} > 10; F_r = 1; \text{ and SUMIR} + \text{SUMIR}_{n-1} \leq \text{FIR}_{n-1} \\ \text{FIR} &= \text{SUMIR} && \text{for all other conditions} \end{aligned}$$

FHRS (the potential freeze hours) is calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{FHRS} &= 0 && \text{when SUMIR} = 0 \text{ and SUMKF} = 0 \\ \text{FHRS} &= \text{HRS} && \text{when SUMIR} > 0 \text{ and SUMKF} = 0 \\ \text{FHRS} &= \text{HRS} && \text{when SUMKF} > 0; \text{TEMP} > 34^\circ\text{F}; \text{ and } F_r < 0.1 \\ \text{FHRS} &= \text{FHRS} + 1 && \text{when SUMKF} > 0; \text{ and TEMP} \leq 34^\circ\text{F} \text{ or } F_r \geq 0.1 \end{aligned}$$

COLUMN 12

KT Computes and records the predicted sum of K at the end of the day as follows:

$$KT_n = K_1 + K_2 + K_3 + \dots + K_n + K_n(24-TM)$$

EXAMPLE:

TM	K
1	10
2	10
3	20

$$KT_3 = 10 + 10 + 20 + 20(24-3) = 460$$

COLUMN 13

H_{vi} Computes and records the estimated amount of dust entering the HVS during the hour as follows:

$$H_{vi} = Ksum * SI * F_f$$

where:

Ksum is the sum of the K values within the current cycle set.

SI is the slope of the sumH_{vi} line for the current cycle set, and is computed as follows:

At TM = 1

$$SI = sb \quad \text{when } C_i = 0$$

where sb(base slope) = CE_{unt}/KT

$$SI = sb * (1-eff) \quad \text{when } C_i > 0$$

For all other times (n):

$$SI = SI_{ci-1} * (1-eff)_n$$

where SI_{ci-1} is the last value of SI in the previous C_i sequence SI_{ci-1} = sb prior to any cycles.

(1-eff) term calculates the efficiency of the last cycle administered and is calculated as follows:

Equation A:

$$(1-eff)_a = (1 - (36.657299 * 10^{(-0.00189215 * Ksum)/100}))C_{seq}$$

Equation B:

$$(1-eff)_b = (1 - ((-0.0146913 * Ksum + 14.65059)/100))C_{seq}$$

Equation A can be used to calculate the efficiencies when KT < 288 otherwise use Equation B until

$$slope_{n-1} * (1-eff)_b \leq sp(\text{shift point})$$

$$\text{where } sp = 0.6256838 - 0.0008297 * KT$$

then switch to Equation A.

Note: At the beginning of the day, $(1-\text{eff}) = 1$ until a cycle occurs. If a cycle is credited at time 1 (cycle performed at TM 0000) then the equation for $(1-\text{eff})$ changes as follows: KT replaces Ksum, and the calculation is multiplied by C_{seq} instead of raised to its power. The slope then remains constant until another cycle/cycles are administered.

C_{seq} is the cycle sequence for the current cycle set.

where: $C_{\text{seq}} = 0$ when $C_i = 0$
 $C_{\text{seq}} = C_{\text{seqn-1}}$ when $C_{\text{in}} = C_{\text{in-1}}$
 $C_{\text{seq}} = 0.5$ when $C_{\text{in}} > C_{\text{in-1}}$; $F_{\text{ff}} > 1$; and $C_i = 1$
 $C_{\text{seq}} = 1$ when $C_i = 1$ or 3
 $C_{\text{seq}} = 2$ when $C_i = 2$

EXAMPLE: $\text{KT}(\text{at TM} = 4) = 368.60$ i.e. ≥ 288

$\text{sb} = 0.40804$

$\text{sp} = 0.31986$

TM	K	RBC	Ksum	(1-eff)	C_{seq}	Sl	F_{ff}	H_{vi}
1	20.10	0	20.10	1.0	0	0.408	1.0	8.2024
2	17.00	0	37.10	1.0	0	0.408	1.0	15.1398
3	16.50	1	16.50	0.85592	1	0.349	1.0	15.7631
4	15.00	1	31.50	0.85592	1	0.350	1.0	11.0307

COLUMN 14

ΣH_{vi} Computes and records the sum of the coal and petroleum coke dust in the HVS (Hi Vol Sampler) to the hour as follows:

$$\Sigma H_{\text{vi}} = H_{\text{vi}} + \Sigma H_{\text{vicin-1}}$$

where $\Sigma H_{\text{vicin-1}}$ is the last value of ΣH_{vi} in the previous cycle sequence.

EXAMPLE: Using the values from the previous example:

TM	$\Sigma H_{\text{vicin-1}}$	ΣH_{vi}
1	0.0	8.2024
2	0.0	15.1398
3	15.1398	20.9029
4	15.1398	26.1705

OCR

The following pages contain the Optical Character Recognition text of the preceding scanned images.

Dominion Terminal Associates
Dan Wagoner P. O- Box 967-A
Superintendent Engineering/Maintenance Newport News, VA 23607
(757) 245-2275
Ext. 305
Cellular (757) 897-8670
FAX: (757) 247-9729
E-mail: dwagoner@dominionterminal.com

OTA

September 1, 2006
7

Virginia Department of Environmental Quality
SEP 2006
5636 Southern Boulevard REGENLD
Virginia Beach, VA 23462 MO

Attention: Ms Kelly Ryan

Dear Ms Ryan:

As indicated in my email, our president, Charles E. Brinley is on vacation and unable to sign the Draft Permit Approval Form. I have signed it on his behalf, and am providing it herein. If this is not acceptable, please let me know and I'll have him sign on upon his return and deliver it to you. If I don't hear otherwise I'll assume this is adequate. I am also including a marked-up copy of the draft for your further review.

Thank you,

Dan Wagoner
Superintendent
Engineering/Maintenance

DRAFT PERMIT APPROVAL FORM

Department of Environmental Quality
Tidewater Regional Office
5636 Southern Blvd.
Virginia Beach, Virginia 23462

Instructions:

The "Draft Permit Approval Form" provides the owner or certified company official an opportunity to accept or suggest appropriate changes to a draft permit. If a signed form is not received within one (1) week of the date of receipt of the draft permit, DEQ will assume that the draft permit is considered acceptable and will proceed with processing the permit. Please check the applicable statement(s) below after thoroughly reviewing the draft permit. Forms may be returned by facsimile to 757-518-2009,
Attention: Ms. Kelly M. Ryan or Ms. Jane A. Workman.

The owner or certified company official agrees with the conditions of the draft permit dated

. Please proceed to issue the permit with no change.

The owner or certified company official finds condition number(s)
of the draft permit dated unacceptable.

x The suggested changes are attached for your consideration.

The owner or certified company official requests further discussion with DEQ regarding the
above referenced condition(s).

Signature'.
Daniel R. Wagoner for Charles E. Brinley

Name:
Stipert Independent Engineering/Maintenance

Title:
Divisional Terminal Associates

Facility:
August 31, 2006

Date:

STATIONARY SOURCE PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT AND OPERATE

This permit is issued to you on September 13, 2004.

In compliance with the Federal Clean Air Act and the Commonwealth of Virginia Regulations for the Control and Abatement of Air Pollution,

Dominion Terminal Associates
PO Box 967-A
Newport News, VA 23607
Registration No.: 60997

is authorized to construct and operate

a coal, petroleum coke and limestone receiving, storage and shipping facility located at

Pier 1, Harbor Road
Newport News, Virginia

in accordance with the Conditions of this permit.

Approved on DRAFT.

Maria R. Nold, Deputy Regional Director

Permit consists of 10 pages.
Permit Conditions 1 to 39.

INTRODUCTION

I This permit approval is based on the permit application dated August 17, 1981, October 15, 2002 and May 8, 2004 including amendment information dated August 25, 1981, October 19, 1989, April 22, 1992, December 11, 2002, July 13, 2004 and April 3, 2006. Any changes in the permit application specifications or any existing facilities which alter the impact of the facility on air quality niay require a pennit. Failure to obukin such a pennit prior to construction may result in enforcement action.

Words or terms used in this permit shall have meanings as provided in 9 VAC 5-10-10 of the State Air Pollution Control Board Regulations for the Control and Abatement of Air Pollution. The regulatory reference or authority for each condition is listed in parentheses (after each condition.

Annual requireinents to fulfill legal obligations to nmintain current stationary source emissions data will necessitate a prompt response by the pennittee to requests by the DEQ or the Board for infomiation to include, as appropriate: process and production data; changes in control equipment; and operating schedules. Such requests for information from the DEQ wifl either be in writi ng or by personal contact.

T'he availability of informiation submitted to the DEQ or the Board wdl be gov emed by applicable provisions of the Freedom of Information Act, 2.2-3700 through 2.2-3714 of the Code of Virginia, 10. I - 1314 (addressing information provided to the Board) of the Code of Virginia, and 9 VAC 5-170-60 of the State Air Pollution Control Board Regulations. Informiation provided to federal officials is subject to appropriate federal law and regulations goveming confidentialiahty of such infonn ation.

ZROCESS REQUEREMEENTS Deleted:

2. Equipment List - Equipment at this facility consists of the following:

Equipment to be constructed:

Reference No. Equipment Descirption RaW Capadty Air PoRution Controt(s)

UL-1 Marine vessel grab unloader 2000 tons/hr Enclosed grab

UL-2 Marine vewel gmb unloader 2000 ton&lhr Enclosed grab

BH-1 Ship tmload hopper 3400 tonsthr Fabrir, filter (DC-2)

BH-2 Ship unload hDppCr 3400 tonst'br Fabric filter (DC-3)

BC-14 Ship unload conveyor 6800 tons/hr Fully enclosed

BC-15 IShip unload oonveyor 6800 tonsthr Fully enclosed

Equipment permitted p to the date of thk pernlik:

RD-1 Tandem rotary raii car dumper -5800 ton&lhr Enclosed bldg. with water spr ay

BS-1 Surge gilo 1000 tons Fabric filter (DC-1)

BS-2 Suge silo 3800 tons Fabrir, filter (DC-5)

BS-3 Surgc silo 41 00 tons Fabric filter (DC-6)

BC-1 through BC-13 Various coal handling and gstorage Largegt belt 6800 ton&/hr All fully enclosed (except 4, 7

conveyors and 13 - y-d belts)

S/R-1 & S/R-2 Two (2) rotary stacker/rmlaimers 5900 tonsfhr staeking, WaL supp

ression

6500 tonsthr reclaim

SfR-3 Rotary reoWmer 6900 tons/hr reeWm only Wet suppression

OS-1 through OS-4 Coal, coke and limestone storage Up to 350,00 tons Wet suppression system

piles (oomputerizcd)

SL-1 Ship/barge loader 6800 tons/hr Wet suppression, telescoping loading chutes

Dominion Terrn-i Associates
Registration Nttmber: 60997
September t- 200 D;I-td' Mg-, 31, 2006
Page 3

Specifications included in the perffiit under this Condition are for informati
onal purposes only and do not
fonn enforceable terms or conditions of the pemiit.
(9 VAC 80-1180 D 3)

3. Emission Controls - Particulate eniissions from each marine vessel grab unl
oader (UL-1 and UL-2) shall be
controHadbyusing@losedgrabbuckets. ThegrabbucketsshaUbecompletelyclosedduringm
ovementof Commmt: "Enclosed" gives the
hnpression that die grabs are in a sepante
matmial from mai-ine vessels to receiving hoppers. emlomm.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260) Deleted: m

4. Emission Controls - Particulate en-tissions from each niarine vessel unload
ing hopper (BH- I and BH-2)
shall be controlled by a fabric filter (DC-2 and DC-3). 'Me fabric filters sh
aU be provided with adequate
ar-cess for inspection.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

5. Emission Controls - Particulate en-dssions from the enclosed rotary rail ca
r dumper (RD- I) shall rmich itm 1 7
Fc;-----,L- T. -V
be controlled by wet suppression, which, if necessary, shall include the use o
f a swfactant. T'he mffactant to
water ratio shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's reconunendations.
The n-dnimum ainount of
water apphed shall be 130 gaflons per tandern dump. Compliance shall be achie
ved if there are no visible
emissions.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

6. Emission Controb - Particulate en-dssions from the transfer points and stac
ker/reclaitners (S/R-1, 2 and 3)
shall be controlled by wet suppression as necessary and by wet suppression wit
h surfactant as necessary.
Continuous wetting is not mandatory.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

7. Emission Controls - Particulate emissions from the conveyor system shall be
controlled by conveyor hoods
and wind guards. Ground level reclaim conveyor belts shall be controlled by w
et suppi-ession as necessary.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

8. Fugitive Dust Emission Controls - Fugitive dust eniissions from the storage
piles shall be controRed by a
wet suppression system capable of wetting the entire storage area. Wet suppre
ssion cycles shall be
iniplemented in accordance with Appendix A. Each cycle shall consist of no les
s than 35,500 gallons of
water and, widi assistance from other equipment, attain I 00 percent coverago
of the storage area. The vvet Co m mmt: I 00% coverage is not
suppression system shall be provided with adequate access for inspection. alwa
yspossiblebyairilirdwayselone
(9 VAC 5-50-90, 9 VAC 5- 80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260) with wbW and other factor
s.

9. Fugitive Dust Emission Controls - All storage piles shall be tnLncated, sta
cker/reclaimers used to build flat
top piles, and the top compacted to minin-dze fugitive emissions. COrrn"Mt'.CO

UMWejtWsaY'Peah

(9 VAC 5-56-go, 9 'VAC 5- 80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260) onridesshallbeavoidedor
riviini7e.
ftitive emissions.7

10. Emission Controls - Wet suppression shall be applied as necessary to all i
ncon-dng loaded railcars located
within facility boundaries if they are not to be dumped within 24 hours.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

1. Emission Controb - WoTk areas shafl be monitored and wet suppression appl
ied as necessary to control
emissions while opemting a piece of auxiliary handling equiprnt (e.g., front
end loader, bulldozer, etc.).
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

12. Emission Controls - Wet suppression shall be utilized when operating a par
ticular piece of handling
equipment (e.g., a dumper, a conveyor, etc.), unless the use of such controls
would cause a safety hazard or
damage to the equipment from freezing.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

13. Emission Controls - Particulate emissions from each surge silo (BS- 1, BS-
2 and BS-3) shafl be controlled
by a fabric filter (DC-1, DC-5 and DC-6). The fabric fdters sha be provided w
ith adequate access for
inspection.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

14. Monitoring - Marine Vessel Unloading Hoppers - Once per ship, Arithin the
initial 2 hours atler
unloading begins, the pennittee shafl observe the baghouse fan motor amperage
for the marine vessel
unloading hoppers (BH- I and BH-2). An acceptable range shall be established
that reflects good air
pollution control practice. An observation outside the acceptable range shall
indicate the need for corrective
action. T'he pennittee shall maintain a log of the date, titne, location, nai
ne of person performing the
observation, the motor amperage reading, whether or not visible eniissions wer
e detected, and any
corrective actions taken, if necessary. These records shall be available for
inspection by the DEQ and shall
be cuffent for the most recent five years.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-20)

15. Monitoring - Fabric Filters - Once per day, when in operati n, the exhaust
from each surge sflo fabfic Deleted: Once per day, during norrral
filter (DC-1, DC-5 and DC-6) shall be observed by the permittee for a period o
f no less than one minute for
the presence of visible eniissions. If visible eniissions are observed, the p
ennittee shall perform coffective
actions to eliminate the cause of the visible emissions. 'Me pennittee sbaH
maintain a log of the date, time,
location, name of person perfonning the observation, whether or not visible er
aissions were detected, and
any corrective actions taken, if necessary. These records shall be available
for inspection by the DEQ and
shall be current for the most recent five years.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 D, 9 VAC 5-50-20 C and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

16. Monitoring - Fabric Filters - Once per day, when in operation, the exhaust
from each marine vessel
unloading hopper fabric filter (DC-2 and DC-3) shall be observed by the pertni
ttee for a period of no less
than one minute for the presence of visible emissions. If visible eniissions
are observed, the pennittee shall
perforin corrective actions to eliminate the cause of the visible emissions.
The permittee shaU maintain a
log of the date, time, location, name of persort perfonning the observation, w

hether or not visible emissions
were detected, and any corrective actions taken, if necessary. These records
shall be available for inspection
by the DEQ and shall be current for the most recent five years.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 D, 9 VAC 5-50-20 C and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

17. Monitoring - Process Equipment - Oncp per day xvhen ni oi@ particulate emissions from the Commmt: AttempbM to inake
_L -qperati freqmncy wording consiswnt beemeen
marine vessel grab unloaders (UL-1 and UL-2), the enclosed rotwy rail car duni per building (RD-1) and the paragra* 15,16 and 17.
conveyor systems shall be observed by the pennittee for a peiod of no less t han one niinute foy- the presence
of visible emissions. If visible emissions are observed, ttw pennittee shall p erfonn corrective actions to tD.Iftd: Oncm poday, wheri operafing

eliminate the cause of the visible emissions, if necessagy. 'Me permittee sh all maintain a log of the date,
time, location, naine of person performing the@obgdvation, whether or not visi ble emissions were detected,
and any corTective actions taken, if necessary. These records shaR be availab le for inspection by the DEQ
and shaf1 be curTent for the most recent five years.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 D, 9 VAC 5-50-20 C and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

18. Wet Suppression System - The wet suppression system for the storage pfles shaf1 beirnplemented as
specified in Appendix A or by any other procedure as may be approved by the DE Q prior to use. Such
approval shall be contingent on adequate documentation that any altemative pro cedure shall achieve at least
as high an efficiency as Appendix A. This applies to all other dust control me asures required by this pern-dt.
Request for changes in procedures shabe accompanied by an explanation of the p roposed changes and the
anticipated effect they shall have. These requests, if approved bv the DEQ, s hall be subject to a test and
evaluation procedure prior to being accepted as permanent changes to the contr ol procedures.
(9 VAC 5-50-260)

OPERATING LIMITATIONS

19. Storage - On a daily annual average basis, the maximum quantity of coal, p etroleum coke and limestone
(combined) in storage shall not exceed 1, I 00,000 tons, and at no time shall more than 1,400,000 tons of
coal, petroleum coke and liniestone (combined) be stored at the facihty.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180)

20. Throughput - The throughput of coal/petroleum cokefliTnegtone (combined), via rail and ship, shaR not
exceed 24,000,000 tons per year, calculated montbly as the sum of each consecu tive 12-month peaiod. No
more than I 0,000,000 tons per year of coal/petroleum cokeflimestone (combined) shaU be inTorted via
ship. Compliance for the consecutive 12-month period shaf1 be demonstrated mo nthly by adding the total for
the most recently completed calendar rrionth to the individual monthly totals for the preceding I I months.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180)

EMISSION LIMITS

21. Emission Limits - Particulate emissions from the operation of the coal/pet roleum coke/liniestone receiving,
storage and shipping facility shall not exceed the liniits specified below:

Particulate Matter (PM) 54.0 tons/yr

PM-10 9.7 tons/yr

'Mese emissions are derived from the estiniated overall emission contribution from oper-ating liniits.

Exceedance of the operating limits niay be considered credible evidence of the exceedance of emission liniits. Compliance with these emission liniits may be detennined as stated i n Condition numbers 3-20.

(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

Dominion Term.- _ Associates
Registration Number: 60997
Se
ptember 1, 2000
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Page 6

22. Visible Emission Limit - There shall be no detectable visible emissions from the enclosed Totary rail car dumper building (RD-1). Failure to meet this limitation due to the presence of water vapor shall not be a violation.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

23. Visible Emission Limit - There shall be no detectable visible emissions from any fabric filter exhaust stack
(DC -I -DC -6).
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

24. Visible Emission Limit - There shall be no detectable visible emissions from the conveyor belt transfer points. Failure to meet this limitation due to the presence of water vapor shall not be a violation.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

25. Monitoring PM10 - Dominion Terminal Associates shall install and operate a PM10 monitor at the Newport News Housing Authority Maintenance Building (180-J) to ascertain the ambient air quality in the area surrounding the coal/petroleum coke/limestone terminal. Operation shall be in accordance with Appendix J of 40 CFR Part 50.
(9 VAC 5-160-170)

26. Control of Emissions - The following actions are considered detrimental to the control of coal/petroleum coke/limestone emissions:
a. Failure to stop any coal/petroleum coke/limestone movement operation when it becomes known that installed air pollution control systems are inoperative and would cause excess emissions.
b. Failure to stop a coal/petroleum coke/limestone movement operation when it becomes known that the coal/petroleum coke/limestone handling equipment needed for that operation is malfunctioning or operating significantly below designated specifications.
c. Failure of equipment operators to take immediate precautions to preclude fugitive dust emissions from the operation of bulldozers, front-end loaders, automobiles, or trucks (e.g., the use of water suppressant or limiting the speed of movement to below 10 miles per hour.)
d. Failure of operational personnel to give precedence to designated personnel with the responsibility for controlling dust emissions.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-260)

RECORD

27. On Site Records - The permittee shall maintain records of emission data and operating parameters as necessary to demonstrate compliance with this permit. The content and format of such records shall be arranged with the Director, Tidewater Regional Office. These records shall include, but are not limited to:

a. Annual throughput of coal/petroleum coke/limestone (combined), via rail and

ship, calculated montlily Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
as the sum of each consecutive 12-month period. Compliance for the consecutiv
e 12-month period shall
be demonstrated monthly by adding the total for the most recently completed ca
lendar month to the
individual monthly totals for the preceding I I months.

Dominion Terint. Associates
Registration Number: 60997
September 1 -1006 006
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b. Annual throughput of imported coal/petroleum coke/limestone (combined), via ship, calculated monthly as the sum of each consecutive 12-month period. Compliance for the consecutive 12-month period shall be demonstrated monthly by adding the total for the most recently completed calendar month to the individual monthly totals for the preceding 11 months.

c. Records of visible emission observations for fabric filters (DC-1, DC-5 and DC-6) as required in Condition 15.

d. Records of visible emission observations for fabric filters (DC-2 and DC-3) as required in Condition 16

e. Records of visible emission observations for the process equipment as required in Condition 17.

f. Records of baghouse fan motor amperage measurement observations for the marine vessel unloading hoppers (BH-1 and BH-2) as required in Condition 14.

g. Records of PM10 monitoring operations as required by Appendix J of 40 CFR Part 50.

ii. Maximum daily quantity of coal/petroleum coke/limestone (combined) in storage. Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

i. Annual daily average of coal/petroleum coke/limestone (combined) in storage .

i.-Records of dust control measures as required by Appendix A. Formatted: 13 bullets and Numbering

These records shall be available for inspection by the DEQ and shall be current for the most recent five years.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180 and 9 VAC 5-50-50)

INITIAL COMPLIANCE DETERMINATION
.lw

28. Visible Emissions Evaluation - Initial performance test of Visible Emission Evaluations (VEE) in C@ VS accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9, shall be conducted by the permittee on the marine C's vessel unloading operations. Each test shall consist of 30 sets of 24 consecutive observations (at 15 second intervals) to yield a six minute average. The details of the tests, including specific emission points, are to be arranged with the TRO Air Compliance Manager. The evaluation shall be performed to demonstrate compliance within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate but in no event later than 180 days after start-up of the permitted facility. One copy of the test results shall be submitted to the TRO Air Compliance Manager within 45 days after test completion and shall conform to the test report format enclosed with this permit.
(9 VAC 5-50-30, 9 VAC 5-80-1200 and 9 VAC 5-50-410)

NOTIFICATIONS

29. Initial Notifications - The permittee shall furnish written notification to the Tidewater Regional Office of

a. The actual date on which construction of the marine unloading facilities commenced within 30 days after such date.

b. The anticipated start-up date of the marine unloading facilities postmarked not more than 60 days nor less than 30 days prior to such date.

c. The actual start-up date of the marine unloading facilities within 15 days after such date.

d. The anticipated date of the VEE performance tests of the marine unloading facilities postmarked at least 30 days prior to such date.

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Copies of the written notification referenced in items a through d above are to be sent to:

Associate Director
Office of Air Enforcement (3AP IO)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region IH
1650 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19103-20291
(9 VAC 5-50-50 and 9 VAC 5-80-1180)

GENERAL CONDITIONS

30. Permit Invalidation - Portions of this permit regarding construction of the marine unloading facilities shall become invalid, unless an extension is granted by the DEQ, if.

a. A program of continuous construction is not commenced within the latest of the following:

i. 18 months from the date of this permit @ DoWEd:

ii. Nine months from the date that the last permit or other authorization was issued from any other government entity;

iii. Nine months from the date of the last resolution of any litigation concerning any such permits or authorization, or

b. A program of construction is discontinued for a period of 18 months or more, or is not completed within a reasonable time, except for a DEQ approved period between phases of a phased construction project.
(9 VAC 5 -80-121 0)

31. Permit Suspension/Revocation - This permit may be suspended or revoked if the permittee:

a. Knowingly makes material misstatements in the permit application or any amendments to it@

b. Fails to comply with the conditions of this permit,

c. Fails to comply with any emission standards applicable to a permitted emissions unit @ Deleted: an
DoWEd: included in effluent

d- Causes emissions from the stationary source which result in violations of , or interfere with the attainment and maintenance of, any ambient air quality standard; or

e. Fails to operate in compliance with any applicable control strategy, including any emission standards or emission limitations, in the State Implementation Plan in effect at the time an application for this permit is submitted.
(9 VAC 5-80-121 0 F)

32. Right of Entry - The permittee shall allow authorized local, state, and federal representatives, upon the presentation of credentials:

a. To enter upon the permittee's premises on which the facility is located or in which any records are required to be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit;

b. To have access to and copy at reasonable times any records required to be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit or the State Air Pollution Control Board Regulations ;

c. To inspect at reasonable times any facility, equipment, or process subject to the terms and conditions of this permit or the State Air Pollution Control Board Regulations-, and

d. To sample or test at reasonable times.

For purposes of this condition, the time for inspection shall be deemed reasonable during regular business hours or whenever the facility is in operation. Nothing contained herein shall make an inspection time unreasonable during an emergency.
(9 VAC 5-170-130 and 9 VAC 5-80-1180)

33. Maintenance/Operating Procedures - At all times, including periods of start-up, shutdown, and malfunction, the permittee shall, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate the affected source, Deleted: including associated air pollution control equipment, in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions.

During each shift, one designated person shall be responsible for compliance with the procedures of Appendix A. Actions required in support of these procedures shall take precedence over routine coal, petroleum coke and limestone handling procedures. The permittee shall take the following measures in order to minimize the duration and frequency of excess emissions, with respect to air pollution control equipment: monitoring devices and process equipment which affect such emissions : Deleted-

a. Develop a maintenance schedule and maintain records of all scheduled and non-scheduled maintenance.

b. Maintain an inventory of spare parts.

c. Have available written operating procedures for equipment. These procedures shall be based on the manufacturer's recommendations, at a minimum.

d. Train operators in the proper operation of all such equipment and familiarize the operators with the written operating procedures, prior to their first operation of such equipment. The permittee shall maintain records of the training provided including the names of trainees, the date of training and the nature of the training. Records of maintenance and training shall be maintained on site for a period of five years and shall be made available to DEQ personnel upon request.
(9 VAC 5-50-20 E and 9 VAC 5-80-1180 D)

34. Record of Malfunctions - The permittee shall maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any bypass, malfunction, shutdown or failure of the facility or its associated air pollution control equipment that results in excess emissions for more than one hour. Records shall include the date, time, duration, description (emission unit, pollutant affected, cause), corrective action, pre

ventive measures taken and name
of person generating the record.
(9VAC 5-20-180 J and 9 VAC 5-80-1180 D)

35. Notification for Facility or Control Equipment Malfunction - The permittee shall furnish notification to the Director, Tidewater Regional Office of malfunctions of the affected facility or related air pollution control equipment that may cause excess emissions for more than one hour, by facsimile transmission, telephone, telegraph or other electronic communication. Such notification shall be made as soon as practicable but no later than four daytime business hours after the malfunction is discovered. The permittee shall provide a written statement giving all pertinent facts, including the estimated duration of the breakdown, within two weeks of discovery of the malfunction. When the condition causing the failure or malfunction has been corrected and the equipment is again in operation, the permittee shall notify the Director, Tidewater Regional Office.
(9 VAC 5-20-180 C and 9 VAC 5-80-1180)

36. Violation of Ambient Air Quality Standard - The permittee shall, upon request of the DEQ, reduce the level of operation or shut down a facility, as necessary to avoid violating any primary ambient air quality standard and shall not return to normal operation until such time as the ambient air quality standard will not be violated.
(9 VAC 5-20-180 I and 9 VAC 5-80-1180)

37. Change of Ownership - In the case of a transfer of ownership of a stationary source, the new owner shall abide by any current permit issued to the previous owner. The new owner shall notify the Director, Tidewater Regional Office of the change of ownership within 30 days of the transfer.
(9 VAC 5-80-1240)

38. Registration Update - Annual requirements to fulfill legal obligations to maintain current stationary source emissions data will necessitate a prompt response by the permittee to request by the DEQ or the Board for information to include, as appropriate: process and production data; changes in control equipment; and operating schedules. Such requests for information from the DEQ will either be in writing or by personal contact. The availability of information submitted to the DEQ or the Board will be governed by applicable provisions of the Freedom of Information Act, 2.1-340 through 2.1-348 of the Code of Virginia, 10.1-1314 (addressing information provided to the Board) of the Code of Virginia, and 9 VAC 5-170-60 of the State Air Pollution Control Board Regulations. Information provided to federal officials is subject to appropriate federal law and regulations governing confidentiality of such information.
(9 VAC 5-170-60 and 9 VAC 5-20-160)

39. Permit Copy - The permittee shall keep a copy of this permit on the premises of the facility to which it applies.
(9 VAC 5-80-1180)

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APPENDIX A

This appendix is to be considered a part of the Department of Environnientat Q
uality perrrdt to operate
the Dominion Temiinal Associates (Doniinion) coal/petroleum coke/limestone ten
ninal. All procedures
outlined in this appendix are enforceable as a condition of operating.

Dominion shall record the following parameters on an hourly basis:

Average hourly temperature (T) in degrees Fahrenheit

Average ho-arly relative humidity (RH)

Average hourly wind speed in rniles per hour (WS)

Average hourly wind direction (DIR)

Hourly rain in inches

Hourlv occurrence of fog (visibility of 4 niiles or less)

Density of air p (lb/ft) from the equation $p = -0.0001478(T) + 0.0853$

Viscosity orair (1.68@t lb/ft-hr) from the following equations

$-24.88 < T < 32$ $1.68p = 0.0001207(T) + 0.0655479$
 $32.00 < T < 64.40$ $1.68p = 0.0001493(T) + 0.0646353$
 $64.40 < T < 104$ $1.68g = 0.0001344(T) + 0.0655899$

K as detemiined bv the equation: $K = WS(T/RH) (p/p 1.68)$

Dominion shall use the data listed above for a computerized spreadsheet in a f
orinat as described below,
maintaining the records to be submitted to the Board upon request.

The prograin outlined in Appendix A when properly programmed will provide for
an hourly visual
display (graph) which depicts the foHowing:

a. CEm for the KT Wedicted: wifl change by the new hourly prediction of KT. A
t the end of the day will

represent the potential uncontrolled coal and petroleuin coke emissions experi
enced in the past 24 hours.

b. Slopp of the uncontrolled intended movement with time for the PASS-1 system
without controls: will

changc by the new hourly prediction of KT,

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c. PASS-1 hne, with hourly markinlzs in propqrtn on
n dqpictinp, the controlled to the hourly K, emissi n level

attained when controls are applied. This line's slope and value will vary as
suppression cycles are applied.

The extension of this fine depicts the near low end of the day value in pg /M3
, if no further cycles are applied

and is the primary control medium. It generates from the uncontroHed slope li
ne (b.).

d. PASS-0 hne, depictinp, the controlled eniissions level attained when contro
ls are Whed. This line's slope

as in (c) wifl vary as suppression cycles are applied. The extension of this
line depicts the near high end of

the day value in Wm3, if no further cycles are applied. When, due to cycles,
the PASS4) line and the

PASSA line are one and the same, their extension wiU be the end of the day val
ue attained for coal and

petroleum coke einissions in AWM3. It generates from the uncontrolled CE. hne
(a.).

e. PASS-0 (I 80) line, %rith hourly markings in proportions to the hourly K. d
Qictinp, the controBed emission

level when the wind direction is between 180' and 270'T. 'Ibis fine is activa
ted by wind direction inputs

and holds the last highest value during periods when the wind is out of quadra
nt. Its extension represents

the near end of day value in Wm3 at station 180-J if no further cycles are app
lied. Iltis line also generates

from the uncontrolled CEun, line (a.).

COUMV I

TM Records the houriv values for a 24 hour dav, beginning with a I at 0 1 00 h
ours and ending with a 24 at

2400 hours.

COLUAFN 2

K Computes and records the hourly value of K as follows:

$$K = ((WS * TENW) / RH) * (p/1.68g)$$

COL LIA" 3

KD Computes and records the K factor adjusted for rain and freeze effects. KD
is used to defme the need

for a cycle (C_i) administered by the computer controlled water suppression system. KD is computed as

follows:

$$KD = K * Ff,$$

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COLUA, EV 4

Ci Records the total nLLmber of cycles credited on the hour. A 20-minute suppression cycle (35,500 gallons

of water) sprayed from the computer controlled water suppression system counts as one cycle as well as

a rain event greater than or equal to 0.0225 inches. Rain greater than or equal to 0.0 I inches but less

than 0.0225 inches is counted as one Ci if the adjusted rain amount for the hour is less than the actual

rain amount.

COLUALV 5

SYM Records the type of suppression cycle credited for the hour. Where:

A :represents an ASSURANCE CYCLE (one 20-minute spray cycle per hour from the computer

controlled water suppression system).

F :represents a continuous cycle (three 20-minute spray cycles per hour) administered to recover from a

freeze event.

R: represents a rain event credited as a cycle.

I represents a DENLAND I cycle, where KD is greater than or equal to I 0, but less than 15.

2 represents a DEMAND H cycle, where KD is greater than or equal to 15, but less than 30.

3: represents a DENIAND IH cycle, where KD is greater than or equal to 30, but less than 45.

4: represents a DEMAND IV cycle, where KD is greater than or equal to 45.

COL LTAN

vci Records the total number of cycles credited since 0100 or the sum of COLUMN 4.

COLtlIjOV 7

IR Records the amount of rain in inches for the hour as measured by the rain gauge.

Note: CIR, the total amount of rain credited for the hour is computed as follows:

CIR = IR if it is raining, but adds 0.0225 to IR if a DENMND IV RBC is administered.

[Radj, the adjusted rain amount for the hour is also computed to include the effects of non-consecutive

rains, where:

$IR_{adj} = CIR_{,1} / (HRS@_1 + 1)$ when $IR > 0$ and $HRS > 0$

$[R_{adj} = SUMIR..1 / (HRSn-I + 1)$ when $IR > 0$, $SUMIR > 0.0225$; and $HRS = 0$

$IR_{adj} = 0$ when $IR = 0$, and $SUMIR < 0.0225$

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HRS Records the number of hOUTS following a Tainfall. HRS increases by one each hour after the rain ends,

and continues to do so until another rain begins or until the effects of the rain are over ($F, > 0.9$ or HRS

= 48)

Note: If a DEMAND IV cycle is administered in order to recover from a freeze, HRS is initially set to

0.5 instead of 1.

$HRS = 0$ when $C_i = 3$ and $FIR_{n-I} = 0$ or $F_{f,-i} < I$

$f_{iRS} = 0$ when $IR > 0$ and $SUMIR > 0.0225$

$HRS = 0.5$ when $C_i @ 3; FIR, -, > 0; \text{and } F_{fn-I} > I$

$HRS = HRS, j + I$ when $IR > 0$ and $SLrMIR < 0.0225$

or when $IR = 0; SUMIR > 0.0225$

Note: If $TM=24$ and $HRS < 48$ and $F, < 0.9$ then HRS and SUMIR are carried forward to the next

day. If $HRS=48$ or $F, \rightarrow 0.9$ the postrain effect has reached its limit. On the next hour, $F, = 1, HRS =$

0, and $SUMIR = 0$.

COLUAILV 9

SUMIR Computes and records the effective sum of the hourly rainfall as follows:

$SUMIR = 0$ when $CIR = 0$ and $SUM_{n-j} < 0.0225$

$SLTNM = SLTMIR_{n-I}$ when $CIR = 0$ and $SUMIR, j > 0.0225$

$SUNER = CIR$ when $CIR > 0; (IR + IR, -,) < 0.0225; \text{and } F_{ft-I} = I$

$SLTMIR = CIR$ when $CIR > 0; (IR + IR, -j) < 0.0225$ $F_{fm-1} < L,$

$CIR, - I > 0-, \text{ and } C_i = 3$

$SUMIR = IR + SUM_{fR, -,}$ when $CIR > 0, (IR + [R_{n-1}] < 0.0225 - 1$

$F_{frn-I} < 1; CIR, -, > 0; \text{ and } C_i < 3$

$SUMIR @ Madj, ., 1 + CIR$ when $CIR > 0-, (M + M, 1) < 0.0225$ $F_{fr, -,) < 1;$

$CIR_{n-I} = 0;$

$SLTMIR = IR_{adi.}, + CIR$ when $CM > 0, \text{ and } (IR + IR_{n-1}) > 0.0225$

Note: If $F, = I$ or $HRS=48$ then $SUMIR$ is set to zero the next hour.

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COLUAILV 10

F, Computes and records the post rain recoveiy factor. F, ranges from zero to one, with F, set to zero

during a rain. When F, > 0.9, the effects of the rain are considered over, and F, is set to one on the next

hour. Fr is computed as follows:

$F, = 0$ when $CIR < 0.0225$ and $SUMIR > 0.0225$

$Fr = I$ when $CIR < 0.0225$ and $SUMIR < 0.0225$

$F, = IO(-215.66-24-SLT\&11R1(HRS'KT))$ when $CIR < 0.0225$ and $SUMIR < 0.0225$

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Ffr Computes and records the combined effects of rain and fi-eeze, where $Ff, = F, * Ff.$

F r (the post freeze effect) is calculated as follows:

$Ff = ((SUMKF * FHRSY(FIR * 106)) * 4.02917 + 0.305$ when $FIR > 0$ and $SLTMKF > 0$

$Ff = I$ when $FIR = 0$ or $SUNIKF = 0$

SUNIKF (the sum of the freeze shear) is calculated by summing the K values beginning when the

temperature reaches 29OF until $F, < 0. I$ or until continuous cycles are administered.

FIR (die potential freeze water) is calculated as foHows:

$FIR = SUMKF/I$ 9200 when $FIRn-I = 0$; $SLTM[R$ 0; $FHRS = 8$; and $SUNfKF > 0$

$FIR = FIR.-,$ when $FIR,, = 0$; $SLTMIR$ 0-, $FHRS \# 8$ and $SUNIKF > 0$

or when $FIR,,_j > 10$; $F, = 1$; and $SUMIR + SUMIR,j < FIR, I$

$FIR = SLTMIR$ for all other conditions

FHRS (the potential freeze hours) is calculated as follows:

$FHRS = 0$ when $SUMIR = 0$ and $SUMKF = 0$

$FERS = HRS$ when $SLTMIR > 0$ and $SLTNIKF = 0$

$FHRS = HRS$ when $SUMKF > 0$; $TEMP > 34'F$; and $F, < 0. I$

$FHRS = FHRS + I$ when $SLTNIKF > 0$; and $TENM < 341F$ or $F, > 0. I$

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COLUAN 12

KT Coniputes and records the predicted sm of K at the end of the day as follows:

$$KT. = K, + K2 + K3 + - - - K. + K,,(24-TM)$$

EXAWLE: TM K

I 10

2 10

3 20

$$KT3 = 10 + 10 + 20 + 20(24-3) = 460$$

COLUNLV 13

H,j Coniputes and records the estiinated amount of dust entering the HVS during the hour as foHows:

$$H,i = Ksum I SI * Ffr$$

where:

Ksum is the sum of the K values wid-dn the current cycle set.

SI is the slope of the sumHj line for the current cycle set, and is computed as follows:

$$At TM = I$$

$$SI = sb \text{ when } Ci = 0$$

where sb(base slope) = CE.XT

$$SI = sb * (I - eff) \text{ when } Ci > 0$$

For all other times (n):

$$SI = Sl@- I * (1--eft).$$

where Slci-1 is tile last value of SI in the previous Ci sequence SLi-I = sb prior to any cycles.

(I -eff) tenn calculates the efficiency of the last cycle adniinistered and is calculated as follows:

Equation A:

$$(I -eft). = (I -(36.657299 * 101-0.10111211 ' K-)/100))C'@'$$

Equation B:

$$(I -eft)b = (I -((-0.0146913 * Ksum + 14.65059)/] 00))C!,,eq$$

Equation A can be used to calculate the efficiencies when KT < 288 otherwise use Equation B until

$$sloM- I * (I -eff)b < sp(shift point)$$

where $sp = 0.6256838 - 0.0008297 * KT$

then switch to Equation A.

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Note: At the beginning of the day, $(I - \text{eff}) = I$ until a cycle occurs. If a cycle is credited at time I

(cycle performed at TM 0000) then the equation for $(I - \text{efl})$ changes as follows
 : KT replaces Ksum,

and the calculation is multiplied by $C.q$ instead of raised to its power. 'Me slope then remains

constant until another cycle/cycles are administered.

$C.q$ is the cycle sequence for the current cycle set.

where: $C,,,q = 0$ when $C_i = 0$

$C.q = C\text{Seqr}'I$ when $Q_n = C.-,$

$C@, = 0.5$ when $C_n > C_i,,, Ff, > I$ and $C_i I$

$C'@q = I$ when $C_i = I$ or 3

$C,.q = 2$ when $C_i = 2$

EXANVLE: $KT(\text{at } TM = 4) = 368.60$ i.e. > 288

$sb = 0.40804$

$sp = 0.31986$

TM K RBC Kswn $(I - \text{efl})$ Cseq Si Ffr Hvi

1 20.10 0 20.10 1.0 0 0.408 1.0 8.2024

2 17.00 0 37.10 1.0 0 0.408 1.0 15.1398

3 16.50 1 16.50 0.85592 1 0.349 1.0 15.7631

4 15.00 1 31.50 0.85592 1 0.350 1.0 11.0307

COLI)WIN 14

Y,H,i Computes and records the stun of the coal and petroleum coke ditst in the HVS (M Vol Sanipler) to the

hour as foHows:

$ZH@ = H,,, + EH,,,@.-$

where $Y_Hj..@_1$ is the last value of Y_Hi in the previous cycle sequence.

EXAWLE: Using the values from the previous exainple:

TM EH,..j..., '@-Hvj

I 0.0 8.2024

2 0.0 15.1398

3 15.1398 20.9029

4 15.1398 26.1705